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GEOTECHNICAL ENVIRONMENTAL ECOLOGICAL WATER CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

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RESILIENCY IMPROVEMENTS AT WATERSHOPS POND DAM DRAWDOWN PERIOD MONITORING REPORT #6

JUNE 24, 2021

For Compliance with:

Order of Conditions, DEP File No. 294-0607, issued 09/17/2020

Section 401 Water Quality Certification, BRP WW 08, DEP Transmittal No. X286704, issued 07/23/2021

Section 404 Permit, File No. NAE-2020-02301, issued 10/21/2020

Certificate on the SEIR, Secretary of Energy and Environmental Affairs, EOEEA No. 16234, issued 07/31/2020

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INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY

In compliance with authorized procedures approved under the above-referenced permits and authorizations, GZA is monitoring dissolved oxygen levels, temperature, and transparency during the period of drawdown associated with the Resiliency Improvements at Watershops Pond Dam Project. This report presents the results of the sixth monitoring event conducted during the period of drawdown, which commenced with the opening of the low-level outlets at the dam on October 26, 2020. During the winter drawdown period, dissolved oxygen monitoring will occur at a frequency of once every 2 months. From March through October, during the growing season, monitoring will occur monthly.

Ecological resource monitoring was initially identified as a means to gauge the environmental impacts associated with a partial or full drawdown of Watershops Pond that may occur during the Project. The monitoring was discussed conceptually in the Alternatives Analysis included in the Expanded Environmental Notification Form (EENF) for the Project (EOEEA No. 16234, EENF dated June 15,2020). On July 31, 2020, the Secretary of Energy and Environmental Affairs issued her Certificate on the EENF requiring the preparation of a Single Environmental Impact Report (SEIR). In response to comments received on the EENF and in response to the Secretary's Certificate on the EENF, a detailed draft "Aquatic and Wetland Resource Monitoring and Mitigation Plan"; the "Plan") was developed in coordination with regulatory agencies and was submitted as an integral mitigation commitment detailed within the SEIR (October 16, 2020) and became a mitigation requirement associated with the City of Springfield's Preferred Alternative of full pond drawdown during the Project. The basic elements of the Plan were developed based upon prior studies of the pond and consultations with the Springfield Conservation Commission and State and Federal regulatory officials.



A copy of the Plan was provided in **Appendix 1**. to the "Pre-Drawdown Ecological Monitoring Report," GZA, September 2020.

During the winter drawdown period, dissolved oxygen monitoring occurred at a frequency of once every 2 months. From March through October, during the growing season, dissolved oxygen and groundwater monitoring occurs monthly. Within the Pond, vertical profiles are being conducted at the three locations and Dissolved Oxygen (DO) and Temperature (°C) were measured at one-foot depth intervals. Secchi disk depth is recorded at each site. Vegetation community monitoring occurs twice per growing season, in late May and between August 15 and September 15. Groundwater and vegetation community monitoring is being conducted at the six stations located at the three BVWs identified during the pre-drawdown report and depicted on **Figures 2 through 4**. This report presents the results of the sixth monitoring event conducted during the period of drawdown, which commenced with the opening of the low-level outlets at the dam on October 26, 2020.

The current monitoring event was conducted on June 24, 2021. Monitoring was repeated at the two locations selected during the first sampling event, conducted December 15, 2020 and a third sampling location near the dam which was added on March 23, 2021 to take advantage of deeper residual pool depth for monitoring (see **Figure 1A** for data collection locations). On June 24, 2021, additional DO and Temperature readings were taken at the culvert inlet of the North Branch of the Mill River to Watershops Pond

RESULTS

The Watershops Pond residual pool encompasses about 17.2 acres upgradient of the dam where the water exits the pond basin through the sluice gates. The maximum pool depth observed was slightly over 4 feet, with most of the pool area less than 3 feet deep. The height of the pool was determined by measuring the surface water elevation below the deck of the privately-owned steel bridge located approximately 200 feet upstream of the dam. The measured surface water elevation was at Elevation 140.70± which is approximately 2.0± feet lower than the water surface elevation that was measured on May 27, 2021 and approximately the same as measured in December 2020.

Based upon the Secchi Disk depth, the water within the pool basin was observed to be less turbid than the May sampling events and more similar to prior efforts; Secchi Disk depths recorded at >0.5 - 2.7 feet deep in June as opposed to 0.8 feet deep in May, 1.5-3.0 feet in April, and 4.0 feet in March. Watershops Pond had an average temperature of 19.7° C for locations measured. The measured temperatures ranged from 17.3° C to 22.2° C. The maximum DO observed was 9.3 at one location (**Table 1**).



Table 1. Watershops Pond Drawdown Pool Dissolved Oxygen, Temperature, and Secchi Depth Measurements Date of Data Collection: 06/24/2021 12:30 PM – 1:30 PM

Thursday 06-24-2021; 12:45 PM											
Surface Water Elevation: 140.70 Note: chisel mark on pond side of pier made at 12.00' below bridge deck											
Location: Main Body, Near Dam,				Location: Main Body, Central Pond,				Location: Main Body, Near Dam,			
East of Steel (private) Bridge;			East of RR Bridge;				100'± West of Steel (private) Bridge;				
42°05.861 N; 072°33.624 W			42°05.940 N; 072°33.345 W				42°05.848 N; 072°33.735 W				
Secchi	Depth	DO	Temp	Secchi	Depth	DO	Temp	Secchi	Depth	DO	Temp
Depth (ft)	(ft)	(mg/l)	°C	Depth (ft)	(ft)	(mg/l)	°C	Depth (ft)	(ft)	(mg/l)	°C
2.7	0	8.0	20.8	>0.5	0	7.6	21.5	2.5	0	8.2	22.2
					0.5						
	1	8.0	20.8		bottom	7.1	21.5		1	8.5	21.2
	2	8.2	20.4						2	8.9	18.8
	3	8.8	18.7						3	9.1	18.1
	3.7										
	bottom	8.4	17.3						4	9.3	17.5
									4.5		
									bottom	9.2	17.5

Additional temperature and DO data was collected up- and down-gradient of the Wilbraham Road culvert along the North Branch of the Mill River for comparison to the drawdown pool water measurements. The temperature was slightly cooler and the DO slightly higher than the averages observed in the pool; however, they were not outside the range of observations (**Table 2**).

Table 2. North Branch of the Mill River – Wilbraham Road Culvert Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Measurements Date of Data Collection: 06/24/2021 1:30 PM

North Branch of Mill River Wilbraham Road Culvert							
Sampling Location	Channel depth	DO (mg/l)	Temp ⁰C				
20'± upgradient of culvert, mid channel	<1 ft	8.8	19.2				
20'± downgradient of culvert, mid channel	<1 ft	9.2	19.2				

The average DO concentration at each depth range of the water column is shown in **Table 3**. Because the DO concentration changed little over depth, the entire water column is above 7.1 mg/l; well above the action level of 5.0 mg/l. The slight elevation of DO near the bottom surface at two locations is suggestive of initial start of growth bottom filamentous green algae.

Table 3. Hypsometric Distribution of Lake Volume and Dissolved Oxygen by Depth

Depth (ft)	Acres Encompassed by Contour Depth	Water column volume by depth interval (CF)	% vol. of water column within depth interval	Cum. % vol. above interval depth	Average DO (mg/l)
0-1	17.2	623,461.9	58.4	58.4	7.7
1-2	11.6	335,447.7	31.4	89.8	8.3
2-3	4.3	96,265.6	9.0	98.8	8.6
3-4	0.63	11,608.4	1.1	99.9	8.8
4-5	0.03	435.0	0	99.9	9.3
Total		1,067,218.6			



Groundwater levels were measured at the six stations by auguring a 3-inch diameter hole to a depth of at least 24 inches and allowing time for equilibration. The observed depths to groundwater are shown in **Table 4**.

Table 4. Watershops Pond Drawdown Groundwater Monitoring Measurements (inches below ground surface) Date of Data Collection: 05/24/2021 11:00AM – 12:30 PM

	Springfield College	Springfield Colle	ege East Campus	GYSGT J. Sullivan Park				
Date	Station 1	Station 1	Station 2	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3		
06/24/2021	-24+	-24+	-24+	-24	-14	-8		
Note: Depths denoted with a "+" indicate that groundwater was not observed at this depth								

DISCUSSION

The Plan suggested the action level for DO should be 5 mg/l for at least 75% of the surface waters in the residual pool. During the June 2021 monitoring event, this standard was met as the average DO concentration exceeded 7.7 mg/l at all contour elevations. This result is more in line with expectations than the May 27, 2021, sampling event and indicates that the water temperature is slowly increasing with increased air temperatures.

As temperatures continue to increase, it is likely that DO levels will markedly decrease. Based upon the average DO concentration observed at the end of the 2020 growing season in late September, there might be reason to reconsider the "5 mg/l for at least 75% of the surface waters" action level. The average DO concentration observed in late September under normal pond conditions indicated approximately 67% of the pond volume met the suggested minimum DO of 5 mg/l. This indicates that the Watershops Pond biota likely experience lower average DO concentrations across a large percentage of the basin on a normal basis, especially since the September sampling event represented less extreme conditions than those likely to be encountered during peak summer months. While no change of the standard is recommended at this time, the action level to trigger mitigation measures such as aeration may want to be reconsidered as the 2021 growing season progresses. Nevertheless, with about 90% of the residual pool basin less than 2 feet deep, shallow adequate DO levels may persist due to wind perturbation of the pool surface.

Further, while the May DO level was below the mitigation threshold, the rapid and sustained rebound of DO level by June 2 and June 24 supports the hypothesis that the DO results in May were a result of a watershed event and were not a drawdown-induced seasonal event.

The groundwater levels in the wetlands were expected to drop with the Watershops Pond drawdown. Groundwater depths will continue to be monitored throughout the growing season. These data will be discussed and analyzed further in the annual wetland monitoring report. Following the refilling of the pool, wetland impacts, and potential mitigation measures will be discussed.



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